

## Characterizing the effect of different diets on the structure of the liver and kidney in mice

### Open Access

Published 01/07/2022

### Copyright

© Copyright 2022

Gigliotti et al. This is an open access poster distributed under the terms of the Creative Commons Attribution License CC-BY 4.0., which permits unrestricted use, distribution, and reproduction in any medium, provided the original author and source are credited.

Distributed under

Creative Commons CC-BY 4.0

Joseph Gigliotti <sup>1</sup>, Jeffrey Houghton <sup>1</sup>, Tanner J. Jennings <sup>2</sup>, Andrew Hiatt <sup>1</sup>, Tim Leonard <sup>3</sup>

<sup>1</sup>. Physiology, Liberty University College of Osteopathic Medicine, Lynchburg, USA <sup>2</sup>. Medicine, Liberty University College of Osteopathic Medicine, Lynchburg, USA <sup>3</sup>. Department of Pathology, Liberty University College of Osteopathic Medicine, Lynchburg, USA

**Corresponding author:** Joseph Gigliotti, jcgigliotti@liberty.edu

**Categories:** Gastroenterology

**Keywords:** kidney, liver, diet

### How to cite this poster

Gigliotti J, Houghton J, Jennings T J, et al. (2022) Characterizing the effect of different diets on the structure of the liver and kidney in mice . Cureus 14(1): e.

## Abstract

It is well established that diet significantly influences health and susceptibility to disease; however, the mechanisms responsible are still unclear. Much of our understanding of disease pathogenesis is developed from mouse studies, most of which are performed in mice fed diets with high nutritional quality which do not appropriately model the “typical” American. There are commercially available “disease-inducing” diets, however they do not consider nutrition in a holistic manner and cause overt metabolic diseases (such as diabetes). We have developed a novel “Americanized” diet that includes several nutritional modifications to match that observed in Americans and considers the differences in mouse and human nutrient requirements. Here we set out to determine how the AD influences liver and kidney health (organs commonly influenced by poor diet) as compared to other commercially available diets.